

Safety Data Sheet

According To Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules And Regulations Revision Date: 06/03/2016 Date of Issue: 05/17/2016

Version: 1.1

SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION

Product Identifier
Product Form: Mixture

Product Name: A7+ HARDENER Intended Use of the Product

Chemical fixing.

Name, Address, and Telephone of the Responsible Party

Company

ITW Commercial Construction North America

700 High Grove Blvd. Glendale Heights, IL 60139

U.S.A.

Phone: 1-800-848-5611 Email: Technical@itwccna.com

www.itwredhead.com

Emergency Telephone Number

Emergency Number : 1-800-424-9300

CHEMTREC – TOLL FREE 24 HOUR EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NUMBER

SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Classification of the Substance or Mixture

GHS-US Classification

Acute Tox. 4 (Oral) H302 Eye Irrit. 2A H319 Skin Sens. 1 H317 STOT RE 2 H373 Aquatic Acute 1 H400 Aquatic Chronic 1 H410

Full text of hazard classes and H-statements: see section 16

Label Elements GHS-US Labeling

Hazard Pictograms (GHS-US)



GH508



Signal Word (GHS-US) : Warning

Hazard Statements (GHS-US) : H302 - Harmful if swallowed.

H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction. H319 - Causes serious eye irritation.

H373 - May cause damage to organs (kidneys) through prolonged or repeated exposure

(oral).

H400 - Very toxic to aquatic life.

H410 - Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary Statements (GHS-US): P260 - Do not breathe vapors, mist, or spray.

P264 - Wash hands, forearms, and other exposed areas thoroughly after handling.

P270 - Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

P272 - Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace.

P273 - Avoid release to the environment.

P280 - Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, and eye protection. P301+P312 - If swallowed: Call a poison center or doctor if you feel unwell.

P302+P352 - If on skin: Wash with plenty of water.

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P305+P351+P338 - If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P314 - Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.

P321 - Specific treatment (see section 4 on this SDS).

P330 - Rinse mouth.

P333+P313 - If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

P337+P313 - If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

P363 - Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

P391 - Collect spillage.

P501 - Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local, regional, national, territorial, provincial, and international regulations.

Other Hazards

Exposure may aggravate pre-existing eye, skin, or respiratory conditions.

Unknown Acute Toxicity (GHS-US) No data available

SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Mixture

| Name | Product Identifier | % (w/w) | GHS-US classification |
|--------------------|--------------------|------------------|---------------------------|
| Glycerin | (CAS No) 56-81-5 | 10 - 50 | Not classified |
| Ethylene glycol | (CAS No) 107-21-1 | 10 - 30, 30 - 40 | Acute Tox. 4 (Oral), H302 |
| | | | STOT RE 2, H373 |
| Dibenzoyl peroxide | (CAS No) 94-36-0 | 5 - 10, 10 - 15 | Org. Perox. B, H241 |
| | | | Eye Irrit. 2A, H319 |
| | | | Skin Sens. 1, H317 |
| | | | Aquatic Acute 1, H400 |
| | | | Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 |

More than one of the ranges of concentration prescribed by the Controlled Products Regulations has been used where necessary, due to varying composition. Full text of H-phrases: see section 16

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

Description of First-aid Measures

General: Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible).

Inhalation: When symptoms occur: go into open air and ventilate suspected area. Obtain medical attention if breathing difficulty persists.

Skin Contact: Remove contaminated clothing. Drench affected area with water for at least 15 minutes. Obtain medical attention if irritation develops or persists.

Eye Contact: Rinse cautiously with water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Obtain medical attention.

Ingestion: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. Obtain medical attention.

Most Important Symptoms and Effects Both Acute and Delayed

General: Harmful if swallowed. Causes serious eye irritation. Skin sensitization. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Inhalation: Prolonged exposure may cause irritation. **Skin Contact**: May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Eye Contact: Contact causes severe irritation with redness and swelling of the conjunctiva.

Ingestion: This material is harmful orally and can cause adverse health effects or death in significant amounts.

Chronic Symptoms: Repeated ingestion of this product may impair renal function.

Indication of Any Immediate Medical Attention and Special Treatment Needed

If exposed or concerned, get medical advice and attention. If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

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SECTION 5: FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Extinguishing Media

Suitable Extinguishing Media: Water spray, dry chemical, alcohol-resistant foam, carbon dioxide.

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media: Do not use a heavy water stream. Use of heavy stream of water may spread fire.

Special Hazards Arising From the Substance or Mixture

Fire Hazard: Not considered flammable but contains organic peroxides that may support combustion.

Explosion Hazard: Product is not explosive.

Reactivity: This material contains an organic peroxide. Heating may cause hazardous decomposition. Hazardous decomposition products from peroxides are flammable and can be explosive under confinement.

Advice for Firefighters

Precautionary Measures Fire: Exercise caution when fighting any chemical fire.

Firefighting Instructions: Use water spray or fog for cooling exposed containers.

Protection During Firefighting: Do not enter fire area without proper protective equipment, including respiratory protection.

Hazardous Combustion Products: Carbon oxides (CO, CO₂). Toxic vapors. May form explosive peroxides.

Other Information: Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses.

Reference to Other Sections

Refer to Section 9 for flammability properties.

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal Precautions, Protective Equipment and Emergency Procedures

General Measures: Avoid breathing (vapor, mist, spray). Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing.

For Non-Emergency Personnel

Protective Equipment: Use appropriate personal protection equipment (PPE).

Emergency Procedures: Evacuate unnecessary personnel.

For Emergency Personnel

Protective Equipment: Equip cleanup crew with proper protection.

Emergency Procedures: Eliminate ignition sources. Ventilate area. Upon arrival at the scene, a first responder is expected to recognize the presence of dangerous goods, protect oneself and the public, secure the area, and call for the assistance of trained personnel as soon as conditions permit.

Environmental Precautions

Prevent entry to sewers and public waters. Avoid release to the environment. Collect spillage.

Methods and Materials for Containment and Cleaning Up

For Containment: Contain any spills with dikes or absorbents to prevent migration and entry into sewers or streams.

Methods for Cleaning Up: Clean up spills immediately and dispose of waste safely. Transfer spilled material to a suitable container for disposal. Contact competent authorities after a spill.

Reference to Other Sections

See Section 8 for exposure controls and personal protection and Section 13 for disposal considerations.

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for Safe Handling

Additional Hazards When Processed: Any proposed use of this product in elevated-temperature processes should be thoroughly evaluated to assure that safe operating conditions are established and maintained.

Precautions for Safe Handling: Wash hands and other exposed areas with mild soap and water before eating, drinking or smoking and when leaving work. Keep away from heat, sparks, open flames, and hot surfaces. No smoking. Avoid breathing vapors, mist, spray. Handle empty containers with care because they may still present a hazard. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing.

Handling Temperature: < 30 °C (86 °F)

Hygiene Measures: Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety procedures.

Conditions for Safe Storage, Including Any Incompatibilities

Technical Measures: Comply with applicable regulations.

Storage Conditions: Keep container closed when not in use. Store in a dry, cool place. Keep/Store away from direct sunlight, extremely high or low temperatures and incompatible materials.

Incompatible Products: Strong acids, strong bases, strong oxidizers. Reducing agents. Sulfur compounds. Heavy metals. Rust.

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Storage Temperature: 5 - 30 °C (41 - 86 °F)

Specific End Use(s)
Chemical fixing.

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Control Parameters

For substances listed in section 3 that are not listed here, there are no established Exposure limits from the manufacturer, supplier, importer, or the appropriate advisory agency including: ACGIH (TLV), AIHA (WEEL), NIOSH (REL), OSHA (PEL), Canadian provincial governments, or the Mexican government.

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| Yukon OEL TWA (ppm) 100 ppm (vapour) Glycerin (56-81-5) Mexico OEL TWA (mg/m³) 10 mg/m³ (mist) USA OSHA OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³) 15 mg/m³ (mist, total particulate) smg/m³ (mist, respirable fraction) Alberta OEL TWA (mg/m³) 10 mg/m³ (mist) British Columbia OEL TWA (mg/m³) 10 mg/m³ (mist) smg/m³ (mist) smg/m³ (mist) smg/m³ (mist) New Brunswick OEL TWA (mg/m³) 10 mg/m³ (mist) Nunavut OEL STEL (mg/m³) 20 mg/m³ (mist) Northwest Territories OEL STEL (mg/m³) 20 mg/m³ (mist) Northwest Territories OEL STEL (mg/m³) 20 mg/m³ (mist) | | | 125 ppm (vapour) | | |
| YukonOEL TWA (ppm)100 ppm (vapour)Glycerin (56-81-5)MexicoOEL TWA (mg/m³)10 mg/m³ (mist)USA OSHAOSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³)15 mg/m³ (mist, total particulate) 5 mg/m³ (mist, respirable fraction)AlbertaOEL TWA (mg/m³)10 mg/m³ (mist)British ColumbiaOEL TWA (mg/m³)10 mg/m³ (mist)New BrunswickOEL TWA (mg/m³)10 mg/m³ (mist)NunavutOEL STEL (mg/m³)20 mg/m³ (mist)NunavutOEL TWA (mg/m³)10 mg/m³ (mist)NuravutOEL TWA (mg/m³)20 mg/m³ (mist)Northwest TerritoriesOEL STEL (mg/m³)20 mg/m³ (mist) | Yukon | OEL TWA (mg/m³) | 10 mg/m³ (particulate) | | |
| Glycerin (56-81-5) Mexico OEL TWA (mg/m³) 10 mg/m³ (mist) USA OSHA OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³) 15 mg/m³ (mist, total particulate) 5 mg/m³ (mist, respirable fraction) Alberta OEL TWA (mg/m³) 10 mg/m³ (mist) British Columbia OEL TWA (mg/m³) 10 mg/m³ (mist) New Brunswick OEL TWA (mg/m³) 10 mg/m³ (mist) Nunavut OEL STEL (mg/m³) 20 mg/m³ (mist) Nunavut OEL TWA (mg/m³) 10 mg/m³ (mist) Northwest Territories OEL STEL (mg/m³) 20 mg/m³ (mist) | | | 250 mg/m³ (vapour) | | |
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| USA OSHAOSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³)15 mg/m³ (mist, total particulate) 5 mg/m³ (mist, respirable fraction)AlbertaOEL TWA (mg/m³)10 mg/m³ (mist)British ColumbiaOEL TWA (mg/m³)10 mg/m³ (mist) 3 mg/m³ (mist-respirable)New BrunswickOEL TWA (mg/m³)10 mg/m³ (mist)NunavutOEL STEL (mg/m³)20 mg/m³ (mist)NunavutOEL TWA (mg/m³)10 mg/m³ (mist)Northwest TerritoriesOEL STEL (mg/m³)20 mg/m³ (mist) | Glycerin (56-81-5) | | | | |
| S mg/m³ (mist, respirable fraction) Alberta | Mexico | OEL TWA (mg/m³) | 10 mg/m³ (mist) | | |
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| British ColumbiaOEL TWA (mg/m³)10 mg/m³ (mist) 3 mg/m³ (mist-respirable)New BrunswickOEL TWA (mg/m³)10 mg/m³ (mist)NunavutOEL STEL (mg/m³)20 mg/m³ (mist)NunavutOEL TWA (mg/m³)10 mg/m³ (mist)Northwest TerritoriesOEL STEL (mg/m³)20 mg/m³ (mist) | Alberta | OEL TWA (mg/m³) | 10 mg/m³ (mist) | | |
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| Northwest Territories OEL STEL (mg/m³) 20 mg/m³ (mist) | Nunavut | OEL STEL (mg/m³) | 20 mg/m³ (mist) | | |
| | Nunavut | OEL TWA (mg/m³) | 10 mg/m³ (mist) | | |
| Northwest Territories OFL TWA (mg/m³) 10 mg/m³ (mist) | Northwest Territories | OEL STEL (mg/m³) | 20 mg/m³ (mist) | | |
| 10 mg/m (ms/) | Northwest Territories | OEL TWA (mg/m³) | 10 mg/m³ (mist) | | |

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|-----------------------------|---|--|
| Québec | VEMP (mg/m³) | 10 mg/m³ (mist) |
| Saskatchewan | OEL STEL (mg/m³) | 20 mg/m³ (mist) |
| Saskatchewan | OEL TWA (mg/m³) | 10 mg/m³ (mist) |
| Yukon | OEL TWA (mg/m³) | 30 mppcf (mist) |
| | | 10 mg/m³ (mist) |
| Dibenzoyl peroxide (94-36-0 |) | |
| Mexico | OEL TWA (mg/m³) | 5 mg/m³ |
| USA ACGIH | ACGIH TWA (mg/m³) | 5 mg/m³ |
| USA ACGIH | ACGIH chemical category | Not Classifiable as a Human Carcinogen |
| USA OSHA | OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³) | 5 mg/m³ |
| USA NIOSH | NIOSH REL (TWA) (mg/m³) | 5 mg/m³ |
| USA IDLH | US IDLH (mg/m³) | 1500 mg/m³ |
| Alberta | OEL TWA (mg/m³) | 5 mg/m³ |
| British Columbia | OEL TWA (mg/m³) | 5 mg/m³ |
| Manitoba | OEL TWA (mg/m³) | 5 mg/m³ |
| New Brunswick | OEL TWA (mg/m³) | 5 mg/m³ |
| Newfoundland & Labrador | OEL TWA (mg/m³) | 5 mg/m³ |
| Nova Scotia | OEL TWA (mg/m³) | 5 mg/m³ |
| Nunavut | OEL STEL (mg/m³) | 10 mg/m ³ |
| Nunavut | OEL TWA (mg/m³) | 5 mg/m³ |
| Northwest Territories | OEL STEL (mg/m³) | 10 mg/m³ |
| Northwest Territories | OEL TWA (mg/m³) | 5 mg/m³ |
| Ontario | OEL TWA (mg/m³) | 5 mg/m³ |
| Prince Edward Island | OEL TWA (mg/m³) | 5 mg/m³ |
| Québec | VEMP (mg/m³) | 5 mg/m³ |
| Saskatchewan | OEL STEL (mg/m³) | 10 mg/m³ |
| Saskatchewan | OEL TWA (mg/m³) | 5 mg/m³ |
| Yukon | OEL STEL (mg/m³) | 5 mg/m³ |
| Yukon | OEL TWA (mg/m³) | 5 mg/m³ |
| Evnosuro Controls | | |

Exposure Controls

Appropriate Engineering Controls: Emergency eye wash fountains and safety showers should be available in the immediate vicinity of any potential exposure. Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Ensure all national/local regulations are observed. Gas detectors should be used when flammable gases or vapors may be released.

Personal Protective Equipment: Gloves. Protective clothing. Protective goggles.







Materials for Protective Clothing: Chemically resistant materials and fabrics.

Hand Protection: Wear protective gloves. **Eye Protection**: Chemical safety goggles.

Skin and Body Protection: Wear suitable protective clothing.

Respiratory Protection: If exposure limits are exceeded or irritation is experienced, approved respiratory protection should be worn. In case of inadequate ventilation, oxygen deficient atmosphere, or where exposure levels are not known wear approved respiratory protection.

Other Information: When using, do not eat, drink or smoke

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Information on Basic Physical and Chemical Properties Physical State : Liquid

Physical State : Liquid
Appearance : Gray paste

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Characteristic Odor **Odor Threshold** Not available рΗ Not available **Evaporation Rate** Not available **Melting Point** Not available **Freezing Point** Not available **Boiling Point** Not available **Flash Point** Not available **Auto-ignition Temperature** Not available **Decomposition Temperature** Not available Flammability (solid, gas) Not available **Lower Flammable Limit** Not available **Upper Flammable Limit** Not available **Vapor Pressure** Not available Relative Vapor Density at 20°C Not available **Relative Density** Not available

Specific Gravity : >1

Solubility : Water: Insoluble
Partition Coefficient: N-Octanol/Water : Not available
Viscosity : 750000 mPa.s

Explosion Data - Sensitivity to Mechanical Impact : Not expected to present an explosion hazard due to mechanical impact.
 Explosion Data - Sensitivity to Static Discharge : Not expected to present an explosion hazard due to static discharge.

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

<u>Reactivity</u>: This material contains an organic peroxide. Heating may cause hazardous decomposition. Hazardous decomposition products from peroxides are flammable and can be explosive under confinement.

<u>Chemical Stability</u>: Stable under recommended handling and storage conditions (see section 7).

Possibility of Hazardous Reactions: Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

<u>Conditions to Avoid</u>: Direct sunlight, extremely high or low temperatures, and incompatible materials. Sparks, heat, open flame and other sources of ignition.

Incompatible Materials: Strong acids, strong bases, strong oxidizers. Reducing agents. Sulfur compounds. Heavy metals. Rust.

Hazardous Decomposition Products: May form explosive peroxides.

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on Toxicological Effects - Product

Acute Toxicity: Oral: Harmful if swallowed.

LD50 and LC50 Data:

| A7+ HARDENER | |
|--------------|----------------------------|
| ATE (Oral) | 1,250.00 mg/kg body weight |

Skin Corrosion/Irritation: Not classified

Serious Eye Damage/Irritation: Causes serious eye irritation.

Respiratory or Skin Sensitization: May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Germ Cell Mutagenicity: Not classified

Teratogenicity: Not classified **Carcinogenicity:** Not classified

Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Repeated Exposure): May cause damage to organs (kidneys) through prolonged or repeated exposure

(oral).

Reproductive Toxicity: Not classified

Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Single Exposure): Not classified

Aspiration Hazard: Not classified

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Symptoms/Injuries After Inhalation: Prolonged exposure may cause irritation.

Symptoms/Injuries After Skin Contact: May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Symptoms/Injuries After Eye Contact: Contact causes severe irritation with redness and swelling of the conjunctiva.

Symptoms/Injuries After Ingestion: This material is harmful orally and can cause adverse health effects or death in significant amounts.

Chronic Symptoms: Repeated ingestion of this product may impair renal function.

Information on Toxicological Effects - Ingredient(s)

LD50 and LC50 Data:

| E: L L (407.04.4) | | |
|------------------------------|----------------------------------|--|
| Ethylene glycol (107-21-1) | | |
| LD50 Dermal Rat | 10600 mg/kg | |
| ATE (Oral) | 500.00 mg/kg body weight | |
| Glycerin (56-81-5) | | |
| LD50 Oral Rat | 23000 mg/kg | |
| LD50 Dermal Rabbit | > 10 g/kg | |
| LC50 Inhalation Rat | > 570 mg/m³ (Exposure time: 1 h) | |
| Dibenzoyl peroxide (94-36-0) | | |
| LD50 Oral Rat | 7710 mg/kg | |
| Dibenzoyl peroxide (94-36-0) | | |
| IARC Group | 3 | |

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Toxicity

Ecology - General: Very toxic to aquatic life. Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

| Ethylene glycol (107-21-1) | |
|------------------------------|--|
| LC50 Fish 1 | 41000 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Oncorhynchus mykiss) |
| EC50 Daphnia 1 | 46300 mg/l (Exposure time: 48 h - Species: Daphnia magna) |
| LC50 Fish 2 | 14 - 18 ml/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Oncorhynchus mykiss [static]) |
| Glycerin (56-81-5) | |
| LC50 Fish 1 | 54000 (51000 - 57000) mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Oncorhynchus mykiss [static]) |
| Dibenzoyl peroxide (94-36-0) | |
| EC50 Daphnia 1 | 0.07 mg/l |

Persistence and Degradability

| A7+ HARDENER | |
|-------------------------------|---|
| Persistence and Degradability | May cause long-term adverse effects in the environment. |

Bioaccumulative Potential

| A7+ HARDENER | |
|----------------------------|----------------------|
| Bioaccumulative Potential | Not established. |
| Ethylene glycol (107-21-1) | |
| Log Pow | -1.93 |
| Glycerin (56-81-5) | |
| BCF Fish 1 | (no bioaccumulation) |
| Log Pow | -1.76 |

Mobility in Soil Not available

Other Adverse Effects

Other Information: Avoid release to the environment.

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste Disposal Recommendations: Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local, regional, national, and international regulations

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Additional Information: Container may remain hazardous when empty. Continue to observe all precautions.

Ecology - Waste Materials: Avoid release to the environment. This material is hazardous to the aquatic environment. Keep out of sewers and waterways.

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

In Accordance with DOT

Proper Shipping Name : ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCES, LIQUID, N.O.S. (Contains dibenzoyl peroxide)

Hazard Class : 9

Identification Number : UN3082

Label Codes : 9
Packing Group : III

Marine Pollutant : Marine pollutant

ERG Number : 171

Exceptions: For limited quantities, see 49 CFR 173.155 of the U.S. federal regulations.

In Accordance with IMDG

Proper Shipping Name : ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (Contains dibenzoyl peroxide)

Hazard Class : 9
Identification Number : UN3082
Packing Group : III
Label Codes : 9
EmS-No. (Fire) : F-A

EmS-No. (Spillage) : S-F

Exceptions: For limited quantities, see chapter 3.4 of the ADR and IMDG.

: Marine pollutant

For excepted quantities, see chapter 3.5 of the ADR and IMDG.

In Accordance with IATA

Marine Pollutant

Proper Shipping Name : ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (Contains dibenzoyl peroxide)

Packing Group : III

Identification Number : UN3082

Hazard Class : 9 Label Codes : 9 ERG Code (IATA) : 9L

Exceptions: For limited quantities, see part 2.7 of the OACI/IATA.

For excepted quantities, see part 2.6 of the OACI/IATA. See packaging exception at IATA 4.4.4 - DS A197.

In Accordance with TDG

Proper Shipping Name : ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (Contains dibenzoyl peroxide)

Packing Group: IIIHazard Class: 9Identification Number: UN3082

Label Codes : 9

Marine Pollutant (TDG) : Marine pollutant

Exceptions : For limited quantities, see chapter 3.4 of ADR.

For excepted quantities, see chapter 3.5 of the ADR.

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

US Federal Regulations

| A7+ HARDENER | |
|-------------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| SARA Section 311/312 Hazard Classes | Immediate (acute) health hazard |
| | Delayed (chronic) health hazard |

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| Ethylene glycol (107-21-1) | | |
|---|---|--|
| Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory | | |
| Subject to reporting requirements of United States SARA Sect | ion 313 | |
| EPA TSCA Regulatory Flag | Y2 - Y2 - indicates an exempt polymer that is a polyester and is made only from reactants included in a specified list of low concern reactants that comprises one of the eligibility criteria for the exemption rule | |
| SARA Section 313 - Emission Reporting | 1.0 % | |
| Glycerin (56-81-5) | | |
| Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control A | ct) inventory | |
| EPA TSCA Regulatory Flag | Y2 - Y2 - indicates an exempt polymer that is a polyester and is made only from reactants included in a specified list of low concern reactants that comprises one of the eligibility criteria for the exemption rule | |
| Dibenzoyl peroxide (94-36-0) | | |
| Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory | | |
| Subject to reporting requirements of United States SARA Section 313 | | |
| SARA Section 313 - Emission Reporting 1.0 % | | |

US State Regulations

| Ethylene glycol (107-21-1) | |
|--|--|
| U.S California - Proposition 65 - Developmental Toxicity | WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the State of |
| | California to cause birth defects. |

Ethylene glycol (107-21-1)

- U.S. Massachusetts Right To Know List
- U.S. New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) Environmental Hazard List
- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) List

Glycerin (56-81-5)

- U.S. Massachusetts Right To Know List
- U.S. New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) List

Dibenzoyl peroxide (94-36-0)

- U.S. Massachusetts Right To Know List
- U.S. New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) Environmental Hazard List
- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) List

Canadian Regulations

| A7+ HARDENER | | |
|----------------------|--|--|
| WHMIS Classification | Class D Division 2 Subdivision A - Very toxic material causing other toxic effects | |
| | Class D Division 2 Subdivision B - Toxic material causing other toxic effects | |
| | | |

| Ethylene glycol (107-21-1) | | |
|---|---|--|
| Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List) | | |
| Listed on the Canadian IDL (Ingredient Disclosure List) | | |
| IDL Concentration 1 % | | |
| WHMIS Classification | Class D Division 1 Subdivision B - Toxic material causing immediate and serious toxic effects | |

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| | Class D Division 2 Subdivision A - Very toxic material causing other toxic effects | | |
|---|--|--|--|
| Glycerin (56-81-5) | | | |
| Listed on the Canadian DSL (D | Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List) | | |
| WHMIS Classification | WHMIS Classification Uncontrolled product according to WHMIS classification criteria | | |
| Dibenzoyl peroxide (94-36-0) | | | |
| Listed on the Canadian DSL (D | Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List) | | |
| Listed on the Canadian IDL (Ingredient Disclosure List) | | | |
| IDL Concentration 1 % | | | |
| WHMIS Classification | Class C - Oxidizing Material | | |
| | Class F - Dangerously Reactive Material | | |
| | Class D Division 2 Subdivision B - Toxic material causing other toxic effects | | |

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations (CPR) and the SDS contains all of the information required by CPR.

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION, INCLUDING DATE OF PREPARATION OR LAST REVISION

Revision Date : 06/03/2016

 Other Information
 : This document has been prepared in accordance with the SDS

requirements of the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard 29 CFR

1910.1200

GHS Full Text Phrases:

| Acute Tox. 4 (Oral) | Acute toxicity (oral) Category 4 |
|---------------------|---|
| Aquatic Acute 1 | Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Acute Hazard Category 1 |
| Aquatic Chronic 1 | Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Chronic Hazard Category 1 |
| Eye Irrit. 2A | Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 2A |
| Org. Perox. B | Organic Peroxide Category B |
| Skin Sens. 1 | Skin sensitization Category 1 |
| STOT RE 2 | Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure) Category 2 |
| H241 | Heating may cause a fire or explosion |
| H302 | Harmful if swallowed |
| H317 | May cause an allergic skin reaction |
| H319 | Causes serious eye irritation |
| H373 | May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure |
| H400 | Very toxic to aquatic life |
| H410 | Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects |

Party Responsible For The Preparation Of This Document

ITW Commercial Construction North America

Phone Number: 1-800-848-5611

This information is based on our current knowledge and is intended to describe the product for the purposes of health, safety and environmental requirements only. It should not therefore be construed as guaranteeing any specific property of the product.

NA GHS SDS

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Safety Data Sheet

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Version: 1.1

SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION

Product Identifier
Product Form: Mixture
Product Name: A7+ RESIN
Intended Use of the Product

Chemical fixing.

Name, Address, and Telephone of the Responsible Party

Company

ITW Commercial Construction North America

700 High Grove Blvd. Glendale Heights, IL 60139

U.S.A.

Phone: 1-800-848-5611 Email: Technical@itwccna.com

www.itwredhead.com

Emergency Telephone Number

Emergency Number : 1-800-424-9300

CHEMTREC - TOLL FREE 24 HOUR EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NUMBER

SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Classification of the Substance or Mixture

GHS-US Classification

Flam. Liq. 4 H227 Skin Irrit. 2 H315 Eye Irrit. 2A H319 Skin Sens. 1 H317 Asp. Tox. 1 H304 Aquatic Acute 3 H402 Aquatic Chronic 3 H412

Full text of hazard classes and H-statements: see section 16

Label Elements GHS-US Labeling

Hazard Pictograms (GHS-US)





Signal Word (GHS-US) : Danger

Hazard Statements (GHS-US) : H227 - Combustible liquid.

H304 - May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H315 - Causes skin irritation.

H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction. H319 - Causes serious eye irritation.

H402 - Harmful to aquatic life.

H412 - Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary Statements (GHS-US): P210 - Keep away from extremely high or low temperatures, ignition sources, and

incompatible materials. - No smoking. P261 - Avoid breathing vapors, mist, or spray.

 ${\tt P264-Wash\ hands,\ forearms,\ and\ other\ exposed\ areas\ thoroughly\ after\ handling.}$

 $\ensuremath{\mathsf{P272}}$ - Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace.

P273 - Avoid release to the environment.

P280 - Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, and eye protection.

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P301+P310 - If swallowed: Immediately call a poison center or doctor.

P302+P352 - If on skin: Wash with plenty of water.

P305+P351+P338 - If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P321 - Specific treatment (see section 4 on this SDS).

P331 - Do NOT induce vomiting.

P333+P313 - If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

P337+P313 - If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

P362+P364 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

P370+P378 - In case of fire: Use dry chemical powder, alcohol-resistant foam, carbon dioxide (CO_2), water to extinguish.

P403+P235 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

P405 - Store locked up.

P501 - Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local, regional, national, territorial, provincial, and international regulations.

Other Hazards

Exposure may aggravate pre-existing eye, skin, or respiratory conditions. Excessive heating or exposure to incompatibilities may cause an exothermic polymerization reaction.

Unknown Acute Toxicity (GHS-US) No data available

SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Mixture

| Name | Product Identifier | % (w/w) | GHS-US classification |
|---|---------------------|------------------|---------------------------------------|
| Quartz* | (CAS No) 14808-60-7 | 25 - 40, 40 - 50 | Carc. 1A, H350 |
| | | | STOT SE 3, H335 |
| | | | STOT RE 1, H372 |
| Limestone | (CAS No) 1317-65-3 | 10 - 30 | Not classified |
| 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, monoester with | (CAS No) 27813-02-1 | 2.5 - 5, 5 - 10 | Eye Irrit. 2A, H319 |
| 1,2-propanediol | | | Skin Sens. 1, H317 |
| Vinyltoluenes | (CAS No) 25013-15-4 | 2.5 - 5, 5 - 10 | Flam. Liq. 3, H226 |
| | | | Acute Tox. 4 (Inhalation:vapor), H332 |
| | | | Skin Irrit. 2, H315 |
| | | | Eye Irrit. 2A, H319 |
| | | | Asp. Tox. 1, H304 |
| | | | Aquatic Acute 2, H401 |
| | | | Aquatic Chronic 2, H411 |

^{*}Because this product is in liquid form, the hazards typically associated with respirable quartz do not apply.

More than one of the ranges of concentration prescribed by the Controlled Products Regulations has been used where necessary, due to varying composition. Full text of H-phrases: see section 16

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

Description of First-aid Measures

General: Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible).

Inhalation: When symptoms occur: go into open air and ventilate suspected area. Obtain medical attention if breathing difficulty persists.

Skin Contact: Remove contaminated clothing. Drench affected area with water for at least 15 minutes. Obtain medical attention if irritation develops or persists.

Eye Contact: Rinse cautiously with water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Obtain medical attention.

Ingestion: Do NOT induce vomiting. Rinse mouth. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.

Most Important Symptoms and Effects Both Acute and Delayed

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General: Causes serious eye irritation. Causes skin irritation. Skin sensitization. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Inhalation: Prolonged exposure may cause irritation.

Skin Contact: Redness, pain, swelling, itching, burning, dryness, and dermatitis. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Eye Contact: Contact causes severe irritation with redness and swelling of the conjunctiva.

Ingestion: Aspiration into the lungs can occur during ingestion or vomiting and may cause lung injury.

Chronic Symptoms: None expected under normal conditions of use.

Indication of Any Immediate Medical Attention and Special Treatment Needed

If exposed or concerned, get medical advice and attention. If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

SECTION 5: FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Extinguishing Media

Suitable Extinguishing Media: Dry chemical powder, alcohol-resistant foam, carbon dioxide (CO₂). Water may be ineffective but water should be used to keep fire-exposed container cool.

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media: Do not use a heavy water stream. A heavy water stream may spread burning liquid.

Special Hazards Arising From the Substance or Mixture

Fire Hazard: Combustible liquid.

Explosion Hazard: May form flammable or explosive vapor-air mixture.

Reactivity: Reacts violently with strong oxidizers. Increased risk of fire or explosion. Hazardous polymerization may occur.

Advice for Firefighters

Precautionary Measures Fire: Exercise caution when fighting any chemical fire.

Firefighting Instructions: Use water spray or fog for cooling exposed containers. In case of major fire and large quantities: Evacuate area. Fight fire remotely due to the risk of explosion.

Protection During Firefighting: Do not enter fire area without proper protective equipment, including respiratory protection.

Hazardous Combustion Products: Carbon oxides (CO, CO₂). Silicon oxides. Calcium oxides.

Other Information: Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses.

Reference to Other Sections

Refer to Section 9 for flammability properties.

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal Precautions, Protective Equipment and Emergency Procedures

General Measures: Avoid breathing (vapor, mist, spray). Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames, and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use special care to avoid static electric charges.

For Non-Emergency Personnel

Protective Equipment: Use appropriate personal protection equipment (PPE).

Emergency Procedures: Evacuate unnecessary personnel. Stop leak if safe to do so.

For Emergency Personnel

Protective Equipment: Equip cleanup crew with proper protection.

Emergency Procedures: Eliminate ignition sources. Ventilate area. Upon arrival at the scene, a first responder is expected to recognize the presence of dangerous goods, protect oneself and the public, secure the area, and call for the assistance of trained personnel as soon as conditions permit.

Environmental Precautions

Prevent entry to sewers and public waters. Avoid release to the environment.

Methods and Materials for Containment and Cleaning Up

For Containment: Contain any spills with dikes or absorbents to prevent migration and entry into sewers or streams. As an immediate precautionary measure, isolate spill or leak area in all directions.

Methods for Cleaning Up: Clean up spills immediately and dispose of waste safely. Transfer spilled material to a suitable container for disposal. Contact competent authorities after a spill. Absorb and/or contain spill with inert material. Do not take up in combustible material such as: saw dust or cellulosic material. Use only non-sparking tools.

Reference to Other Sections

See Section 8 for exposure controls and personal protection and Section 13 for disposal considerations.

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for Safe Handling

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Additional Hazards When Processed: Handle empty containers with care because residual vapors are flammable. Any proposed use of this product in elevated-temperature processes should be thoroughly evaluated to assure that safe operating conditions are established and maintained. Do not pressurize, cut, or weld containers.

Precautions for Safe Handling: Wash hands and other exposed areas with mild soap and water before eating, drinking or smoking and when leaving work. Avoid breathing vapors, mist, spray. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Use only non-sparking tools. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing.

Hygiene Measures: Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety procedures.

Conditions for Safe Storage, Including Any Incompatibilities

Technical Measures: Comply with applicable regulations. Take action to prevent static discharges. Ground and bond container and receiving equipment. Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating, and lighting equipment.

Storage Conditions: Store in a dry, cool place. Keep/Store away from direct sunlight, extremely high or low temperatures and incompatible materials. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Keep in fireproof place.

Incompatible Products: Strong acids, strong bases, strong oxidizers. Contact with peroxides may initiate polymerization.

Specific End Use(s)

Chemical fixing.

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Control Parameters

For substances listed in section 3 that are not listed here, there are no established Exposure limits from the manufacturer, supplier, importer, or the appropriate advisory agency including: ACGIH (TLV), AIHA (WEEL), NIOSH (REL), OSHA (PEL), Canadian provincial governments, or the Mexican government.

| governments, or the Mexical | 1 government. | | |
|-----------------------------|-------------------------|---|--|
| Quartz (14808-60-7) | | | |
| Mexico | OEL TWA (mg/m³) | 0.1 mg/m³ (respirable fraction) | |
| USA ACGIH | ACGIH TWA (mg/m³) | 0.025 mg/m³ (respirable fraction) | |
| USA ACGIH | ACGIH chemical category | A2 - Suspected Human Carcinogen | |
| USA OSHA | OSHA PEL (STEL) (mg/m³) | 250 mppcf/%SiO ₂ +5, 10mg/m ³ /%SiO ₂ +2 | |
| USA NIOSH | NIOSH REL (TWA) (mg/m³) | 0.05 mg/m³ (respirable dust) | |
| USA IDLH | US IDLH (mg/m³) | 50 mg/m³ (respirable dust) | |
| Alberta | OEL TWA (mg/m³) | 0.025 mg/m³ (respirable particulate) | |
| British Columbia | OEL TWA (mg/m³) | 0.025 mg/m³ (respirable) | |
| Manitoba | OEL TWA (mg/m³) | 0.025 mg/m³ (respirable fraction) | |
| New Brunswick | OEL TWA (mg/m³) | 0.1 mg/m³ (respirable fraction) | |
| Newfoundland & Labrador | OEL TWA (mg/m³) | 0.025 mg/m³ (respirable fraction) | |
| Nova Scotia | OEL TWA (mg/m³) | 0.025 mg/m³ (respirable fraction) | |
| Nunavut | OEL TWA (mg/m³) | 0.1 mg/m³ (respirable mass) | |
| | | 0.3 mg/m³ (total mass) | |
| Northwest Territories | OEL TWA (mg/m³) | 0.05 mg/m³ (respirable fraction) | |
| Ontario | OEL TWA (mg/m³) | 0.10 mg/m³ (designated substances regulation-respirable) | |
| Prince Edward Island | OEL TWA (mg/m³) | 0.025 mg/m³ (respirable fraction) | |
| Québec | VEMP (mg/m³) | 0.1 mg/m³ (respirable dust) | |
| Saskatchewan | OEL TWA (mg/m³) | 0.05 mg/m³ (respirable fraction) | |
| Yukon | OEL TWA (mg/m³) | 300 particle/mL | |
| Limestone (1317-65-3) | | | |
| Mexico | OEL TWA (mg/m³) | 10 mg/m³ | |
| Mexico | OEL STEL (mg/m³) | 20 mg/m³ | |
| USA OSHA | OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³) | 15 mg/m³ (total dust) | |
| | | 5 mg/m³ (respirable fraction) | |
| USA NIOSH | NIOSH REL (TWA) (mg/m³) | 10 mg/m³ (total dust) | |
| | | 5 mg/m³ (respirable dust) | |
| Alberta | OEL TWA (mg/m³) | 10 mg/m ³ | |
| British Columbia | OEL STEL (mg/m³) | 20 mg/m³ (total dust) | |
| British Columbia | OEL TWA (mg/m³) | 10 mg/m³ (total dust) | |

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| | 0. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations | 3 mg/m³ (respirable fraction) |
|--|--|---|
| New Brunswick | OEL TWA (mg/m³) | 10 mg/m³ (particulate matter containing no Asbestos and |
| New Branswick | OLL TWA (IIIg/III) | <pre><1% Crystalline silica)</pre> |
| Nunavut | OEL TWA (mg/m³) | 5 mg/m³ (respirable mass) |
| Ivanavat | OLL TWA (IIIg/III) | 10 mg/m³ (total mass) |
| Northwest Territories | OEL STEL (mg/m³) | 20 mg/m³ |
| Northwest Territories | OEL TWA (mg/m³) | 10 mg/m ³ |
| Québec | VEMP (mg/m³) | 10 mg/m³ (Limestone, containing no Asbestos and <1% |
| Quebec | VEIVIF (IIIg/III) | Crystalline silica-total dust) |
| Saskatchewan | OEL STEL (mg/m³) | 20 mg/m ³ |
| Saskatchewan | OEL TWA (mg/m³) | 10 mg/m ³ |
| Yukon | OEL STEL (mg/m³) | 20 mg/m ³ |
| Yukon | OEL TWA (mg/m³) | 30 mppcf |
| Tukon | OLL TWA (IIIg/III) | 10 mg/m ³ |
| \(\(\);\ru\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\ | <u> </u> | 10 mg/m |
| Vinyltoluenes (25013-15-4) Mexico | OEL TWA (mg/m³) | 240 mg/m³ |
| Mexico | OEL TWA (mg/m²) OEL TWA (ppm) | 50 ppm |
| Mexico | OEL TWA (ppm) OEL STEL (mg/m³) | 485 mg/m ³ |
| Mexico | OEL STEL (Highli) | |
| USA ACGIH | ACGIH TWA (ppm) | 100 ppm 50 ppm |
| USA ACGIH | ACGIH TWA (ppin) ACGIH STEL (ppm) | 100 ppm |
| USA ACGIH | ACGIH STEE (ppin) ACGIH chemical category | Not Classifiable as a Human Carcinogen |
| USA OSHA | OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³) | 480 mg/m ³ |
| USA OSHA | OSHA PEL (TWA) (Ing/III) | 100 ppm |
| USA NIOSH | NIOSH REL (TWA) (mg/m³) | 480 mg/m ³ |
| USA NIOSH | NIOSH REL (TWA) (IIIg/III) | 100 ppm |
| USA IDLH | US IDLH (ppm) | 400 ppm |
| Alberta | OEL STEL (mg/m³) | 483 mg/m³ |
| Alberta | OEL STEL (Ing/III) | 100 ppm |
| Alberta | OEL TWA (mg/m³) | 242 mg/m³ |
| Alberta | OEL TWA (fig/fit) | 50 ppm |
| British Columbia | OEL STEL (ppm) | 75 ppm |
| British Columbia | OEL TWA (ppm) | 25 ppm |
| Manitoba | OEL STEL (ppm) | 100 ppm |
| Manitoba | OEL TWA (ppm) | 50 ppm |
| New Brunswick | OEL STEL (mg/m³) | 483 mg/m³ |
| New Brunswick | OEL STEL (ppm) | 100 ppm |
| New Brunswick | OEL TWA (mg/m³) | 242 mg/m³ |
| New Brunswick | OEL TWA (ppm) | 50 ppm |
| Newfoundland & Labrador | OEL STEL (ppm) | 100 ppm |
| Newfoundland & Labrador | OEL TWA (ppm) | 50 ppm |
| Nova Scotia | OEL STEL (ppm) | 100 ppm |
| Nova Scotia | OEL TWA (ppm) | 50 ppm |
| Nunavut | OEL STEL (mg/m³) | 483 mg/m³ |
| Nunavut | OEL STEL (ppm) | 100 ppm |
| Nunavut | OEL TWA (mg/m³) | 242 mg/m³ |
| Nunavut | OEL TWA (ppm) | 50 ppm |
| Northwest Territories | OEL STEL (ppm) | 100 ppm |
| Northwest Territories | OEL TWA (ppm) | 50 ppm |
| Ontario | OEL TWA (ppm) | 100 ppm |
| Citatio | OLL STEL (PPIII) | τοο ρριτι |

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| Ontario | OEL TWA (ppm) | 50 ppm |
|----------------------|------------------|-----------------------|
| Prince Edward Island | OEL STEL (ppm) | 100 ppm |
| Prince Edward Island | OEL TWA (ppm) | 50 ppm |
| Québec | VECD (mg/m³) | 483 mg/m³ |
| Québec | VECD (ppm) | 100 ppm |
| Québec | VEMP (mg/m³) | 242 mg/m³ |
| Québec | VEMP (ppm) | 50 ppm |
| Saskatchewan | OEL STEL (ppm) | 100 ppm |
| Saskatchewan | OEL TWA (ppm) | 50 ppm |
| Yukon | OEL STEL (mg/m³) | 720 mg/m ³ |
| Yukon | OEL STEL (ppm) | 150 ppm |
| Yukon | OEL TWA (mg/m³) | 480 mg/m³ |
| Yukon | OEL TWA (ppm) | 100 ppm |

Exposure Controls

Appropriate Engineering Controls: Emergency eye wash fountains and safety showers should be available in the immediate vicinity of any potential exposure. Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Ensure all national/local regulations are observed. Gas detectors should be used when flammable gases or vapors may be released. Proper grounding procedures to avoid static electricity should be followed. Use explosion-proof equipment.

Personal Protective Equipment: Gloves. Protective clothing. Protective goggles.







Materials for Protective Clothing: Chemically resistant materials and fabrics. Wear fire/flame resistant/retardant clothing.

Hand Protection: Wear protective gloves. **Eye Protection**: Chemical safety goggles.

Skin and Body Protection: Wear suitable protective clothing.

Respiratory Protection: If exposure limits are exceeded or irritation is experienced, approved respiratory protection should be worn. In case of inadequate ventilation, oxygen deficient atmosphere, or where exposure levels are not known wear approved respiratory protection.

Other Information: When using, do not eat, drink or smoke

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES Information on Basic Physical and Chemical Properties

| Physical State | : | Liquid |
|----------------------------------|---|-----------------|
| Appearance | : | Paste |
| Odor | : | Not available |
| Odor Threshold | : | Not available |
| pH | : | Not available |
| Evaporation Rate | : | Not available |
| Melting Point | : | Not available |
| Freezing Point | : | Not available |
| Boiling Point | : | Not available |
| Flash Point | : | > 60 (> 140 °F) |
| Auto-ignition Temperature | : | Not available |
| Decomposition Temperature | : | Not available |
| Flammability (solid, gas) | : | Not available |
| Lower Flammable Limit | : | Not available |
| Upper Flammable Limit | : | Not available |
| Vapor Pressure | : | Not available |

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Relative Vapor Density at 20°C : Not available
Relative Density : Not available

Specific Gravity : > 1

Solubility: Water: InsolublePartition Coefficient: N-Octanol/Water: Not availableViscosity: Not available

Explosion Data - Sensitivity to Mechanical Impact: Not expected to present an explosion hazard due to mechanical impact.

Explosion Data - Sensitivity to Static Discharge : Static discharge could act as an ignition source

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity: Reacts violently with strong oxidizers. Increased risk of fire or explosion. Hazardous polymerization may occur.

Chemical Stability: Combustible liquid. May form flammable or explosive vapor-air mixture.

Possibility of Hazardous Reactions: Hazardous polymerization may occur.

Conditions to Avoid: Direct sunlight, extremely high or low temperatures, heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames, incompatible

materials, and other ignition sources.

Incompatible Materials: Strong acids, strong bases, strong oxidizers. Contact with peroxides may initiate polymerization.

<u>Hazardous Decomposition Products</u>: None known.

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on Toxicological Effects - Product

Acute Toxicity: Not classified LD50 and LC50 Data: Not available

Skin Corrosion/Irritation: Causes skin irritation.

Serious Eye Damage/Irritation: Causes serious eye irritation.

Respiratory or Skin Sensitization: May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Germ Cell Mutagenicity: Not classified

Teratogenicity: Not classified **Carcinogenicity:** Not classified

Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Repeated Exposure): Not classified

Reproductive Toxicity: Not classified

Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Single Exposure): Not classified **Aspiration Hazard:** May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Symptoms/Injuries After Inhalation: Prolonged exposure may cause irritation.

Symptoms/Injuries After Skin Contact: Redness, pain, swelling, itching, burning, dryness, and dermatitis. May cause an allergic skin

reaction.

Symptoms/Injuries After Eye Contact: Contact causes severe irritation with redness and swelling of the conjunctiva.

Symptoms/Injuries After Ingestion: Aspiration into the lungs can occur during ingestion or vomiting and may cause lung injury.

Chronic Symptoms: None expected under normal conditions of use.

Information on Toxicological Effects - Ingredient(s)

LD50 and LC50 Data:

| Quartz (14808-60-7) | | |
|--|---------------|--|
| LD50 Oral Rat | > 5000 mg/kg | |
| LD50 Dermal Rat | > 5000 mg/kg | |
| 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, monoester with 1,2-propanediol (27813-02-1) | | |
| LD50 Oral Rat | 11200 mg/kg | |
| LD50 Dermal Rabbit | > 3000 mg/kg | |
| Vinyltoluenes (25013-15-4) | | |
| LD50 Oral Rat | 4000 mg/kg | |
| ATE (Vapors) | 11.00 mg/l/4h | |
| Quartz (14808-60-7) | | |

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| IARC Group | 1 | |
|---|--------------------------|--|
| National Toxicology Program (NTP) Status | Known Human Carcinogens. | |
| OSHA Hazard Communication Carcinogen List In OSHA Hazard Communication Carcinogen list. | | |
| Vinyltoluenes (25013-15-4) | | |
| IARC Group | 3 | |

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Toxicity

Ecology - General: Harmful to aquatic life. Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

| Vinyltoluenes (25013-15-4) | |
|----------------------------|--|
| LC50 Fish 1 | 23.4 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Pimephales rafinesque) |

Persistence and Degradability

| A7+ RESIN | |
|-------------------------------|---|
| Persistence and Degradability | May cause long-term adverse effects in the environment. |

Bioaccumulative Potential

| A7+ RESIN | | |
|--|------------------|--|
| Bioaccumulative Potential | Not established. | |
| 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, monoester with 1,2-propanediol (27813-02-1) | | |
| Log Pow | 0.97 | |
| Vinyltoluenes (25013-15-4) | | |
| BCF Fish 1 | 32 - 35 | |
| Log Pow | 3.36 | |

Mobility in Soil Not available

Other Adverse Effects

Other Information: Avoid release to the environment.

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste Disposal Recommendations: Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local, regional, national, and international regulations

Additional Information: Handle empty containers with care because residual vapors are flammable.

Ecology - Waste Materials: Avoid release to the environment. This material is hazardous to the aquatic environment. Keep out of sewers and waterways.

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

| In Accordance with DOT | Not regulated for transport. |
|-------------------------|------------------------------|
| In Accordance with IMDG | Not regulated for transport. |
| In Accordance with IATA | Not regulated for transport. |
| In Accordance with TDG | Not regulated for transport. |

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

US Federal Regulations

| A7+ RESIN | |
|-------------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| SARA Section 311/312 Hazard Classes | Fire hazard |
| | Immediate (acute) health hazard |
| | Reactive hazard |
| a (1,000 apr) | |

Quartz (14808-60-7)

Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory

Limestone (1317-65-3)

Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory

2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, monoester with 1,2-propanediol (27813-02-1)

Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory

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| Vinyltoluenes (25013-15-4) | |
|---|---|
| Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory | |
| EPA TSCA Regulatory Flag | T - T - indicates a substance that is the subject of a Section 4 test |
| | rule under TSCA |

US State Regulations

| Quartz (14808-60-7) | |
|--|--|
| U.S California - Proposition 65 - Carcinogens List | WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the State of |
| | California to cause cancer. |

Quartz (14808-60-7)

- U.S. Massachusetts Right To Know List
- U.S. New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) List

Limestone (1317-65-3)

- U.S. Massachusetts Right To Know List
- U.S. New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) List

Vinyltoluenes (25013-15-4)

- U.S. Massachusetts Right To Know List
- U.S. New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance List

Listed on the Canadian IDL (Ingredient Disclosure List)

U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List

Canadian Regulations

IDL Concentration 1 % WHMIS Classification

| A7+ RESIN | | | |
|--|--|--|--|
| WHMIS Classification | Class B Division 3 - Combustible Liquid | | |
| | Class D Division 2 Subdivision B - Toxic material causing other toxic effects | | |
| | | | |
| Quartz (14808-60-7) | | | |
| Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List) | | | |
| Listed on the Canadian IDL (Ingredient Disclosure List) | | | |
| IDL Concentration 1 % | | | |
| WHMIS Classification | Class D Division 2 Subdivision A - Very toxic material causing other toxic effects | | |
| | Class D Division 2 Subdivision B - Toxic material causing other toxic effects | | |
| Limestone (1317-65-3) | | | |
| Listed on the Canadian ND | Listed on the Canadian NDSL (Non-Domestic Substances List) | | |
| WHMIS Classification | Uncontrolled product according to WHMIS classification criteria | | |
| 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, monoester with 1,2-propanediol (27813-02-1) | | | |
| Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List) | | | |
| WHMIS Classification | Class D Division 2 Subdivision B - Toxic material causing other toxic effects | | |
| Vinyltoluenes (25013-15-4 | ·) | | |
| Listed on the Canadian DS | Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List) | | |

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations (CPR) and the SDS contains all of the information required by CPR.

Class B Division 3 - Combustible Liquid

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Class D Division 2 Subdivision B - Toxic material causing other toxic effects

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SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION, INCLUDING DATE OF PREPARATION OR LAST REVISION

Revision Date : 05/23/2016

Other Information : This document has been prepared in accordance with the SDS

requirements of the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard 29 CFR

1910.1200

GHS Full Text Phrases:

| Acute Tox. 4 (Inhalation:vapor) | Acute toxicity (inhalation:vapor) Category 4 |
|---------------------------------|--|
| Aquatic Acute 2 | Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Acute Hazard Category 2 |
| Aquatic Acute 3 | Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Acute Hazard Category 3 |
| Aquatic Chronic 2 | Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Chronic Hazard Category 2 |
| Aquatic Chronic 3 | Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Chronic Hazard Category 3 |
| Asp. Tox. 1 | Aspiration hazard Category 1 |
| Carc. 1A | Carcinogenicity Category 1A |
| Eye Irrit. 2A | Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 2A |
| Flam. Liq. 3 | Flammable liquids Category 3 |
| Flam. Liq. 4 | Flammable liquids Category 4 |
| Skin Irrit. 2 | Skin corrosion/irritation Category 2 |
| Skin Sens. 1 | Skin sensitization Category 1 |
| STOT RE 1 | Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure) Category 1 |
| STOT SE 3 | Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) Category 3 |
| H226 | Flammable liquid and vapor |
| H227 | Combustible liquid |
| H304 | May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways |
| H315 | Causes skin irritation |
| H317 | May cause an allergic skin reaction |
| H319 | Causes serious eye irritation |
| H332 | Harmful if inhaled |
| H335 | May cause respiratory irritation |
| H350 | May cause cancer |
| H372 | Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure |
| H401 | Toxic to aquatic life |
| H402 | Harmful to aquatic life |
| H411 | Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects |
| H412 | Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects |

Party Responsible For The Preparation Of This Document

ITW Commercial Construction North America

Phone Number: 1-800-848-5611

This information is based on our current knowledge and is intended to describe the product for the purposes of health, safety and environmental requirements only. It should not therefore be construed as guaranteeing any specific property of the product.

NA GHS SDS

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